

Exhibit A

Proposed Sale Order

**UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK**

In re:

PURDUE PHARMA L.P., et al.,

Debtors.¹

Chapter 11

Case No. 19-23649 (RDD)

(Jointly Administered)

**ORDER (I) APPROVING SALE OF DEBTORS' COVENTRY FACILITY AND
RELATED ASSETS FREE AND CLEAR OF LIENS, CLAIMS, INTERESTS AND
ENCUMBRANCES, (II) APPROVING DEBTORS' ENTRY INTO A LONG-TERM API
SUPPLY AGREEMENT, (III) AUTHORIZING ASSUMPTION AND ASSIGNMENT OR
ASSIGNMENT, AS APPLICABLE, OF EXECUTORY CONTRACTS AND UNEXPIRED
LEASES AND (IV) GRANTING RELATED RELIEF**

Upon the motion (the “Motion”)² of the above-captioned debtors and debtors in possession (collectively, the “Debtors”) for entry of an order (this “Order”) pursuant to sections 105(a), 363, and 365 of title 11 of the United States Code (the “Bankruptcy Code”), rules 2002, 6004, 6006, 9007 and 9014 of the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure (the “Bankruptcy Rules”) and Rules 6004-1 and 6006-1 of the Local Bankruptcy Rules for the Southern District of New York (the “Local Rules”):

- (i) approving the private sale (the “Sale”) of the assets (as more specifically set forth in Section 1.1 of the APA (as defined below), the “Purchased Assets”) of Debtor Rhodes Technologies (“Rhodes Tech” or the “Seller”) to Normaco Coventry LLC (“Purchaser”) pursuant to that certain Asset Purchase Agreement, dated as of September 14, 2020 (attached to the Motion as Exhibit B thereto, and as amended from time to time, including all schedules and exhibits thereto, the “APA”), free and

¹ The Debtors in these cases, along with the last four digits of each Debtor’s registration number in the applicable jurisdiction, are as follows: Purdue Pharma L.P. (7484), Purdue Pharma Inc. (7486), Purdue Transdermal Technologies L.P. (1868), Purdue Pharma Manufacturing L.P. (3821), Purdue Pharmaceuticals L.P. (0034), Imbrium Therapeutics L.P. (8810), Adlon Therapeutics L.P. (6745), Greenfield BioVentures L.P. (6150), Seven Seas Hill Corp. (4591), Ophir Green Corp. (4594), Purdue Pharma of Puerto Rico (3925), Avrio Health L.P. (4140), Purdue Pharmaceutical Products L.P. (3902), Purdue Neuroscience Company (4712), Nayatt Cove Lifescience Inc. (7805), Button Land L.P. (7502), Rhodes Associates L.P. (N/A), Paul Land Inc. (7425), Quidnick Land L.P. (7584), Rhodes Pharmaceuticals L.P. (6166), Rhodes Technologies (7143), UDF LP (0495), SVC Pharma LP (5717) and SVC Pharma Inc. (4014). The Debtors’ corporate headquarters is located at One Stamford Forum, 201 Tresser Boulevard, Stamford, CT 06901.

² Capitalized terms used but not otherwise defined herein have the meanings ascribed to them in the Motion, the APA or the Supply Agreement, as applicable.

clear of all liens, claims, and encumbrances, to the fullest extent permitted by law and except where the Debtors agreed to transfer, and the Purchaser has expressly agreed to permit or assume, certain encumbrances and certain liabilities of the Debtors (as set forth and defined in the APA, the “Permitted Post-Closing Encumbrances” and the “Assumed Liabilities”);

- (ii) authorizing the assumption and assignment or assignment, as applicable, to the Purchaser of certain Assigned Contracts;
- (iii) authorizing the Debtors to enter into and perform under a long-term supply agreement in the form attached to the APA as Exhibit E thereto (the “Supply Agreement” and, together with the APA and all other Ancillary Documents (as defined in the APA), including, without limitation, a transition services agreement (the “TSA”) in a form mutually agreed by the Seller and the Purchaser and in accordance with the term sheet attached as Exhibit F to the APA, the “Agreements”),³ and
- (iv) granting certain related relief;

and the Debtors having determined after an extensive sale and solicitation process that the Purchaser has submitted the highest or otherwise best offer to (i) purchase the Coventry Facility and related assets and to assume certain liabilities related thereto and (ii) supply the Debtors with all products currently manufactured at the Coventry Facility; and upon due, adequate, and sufficient notice of the Motion, the Agreements and all other related transactions contemplated thereunder and in this Order (such transactions collectively, the “Transaction”); and upon the Declaration of Rafael J. Schnitzler in Support of the Motion (the “Schnitzler Declaration”); and the Court having jurisdiction to consider the Motion and the relief requested therein pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 157(a)-(b) and 1334(b) and the Amended Standing Order of Reference M-431, dated January 31, 2012 (Preska, C.J.); and consideration of the Motion and the relief requested therein being a core proceeding under 28 U.S.C. § 157(b); and venue being proper before the Court pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1408 and 1409; and due and proper notice of the Motion having

³ Capitalized terms used but not defined herein have the meanings given to them in the Motion or the applicable Agreement, as applicable.

been provided to the Notice Parties, and it appearing that no other or further notice need be provided; and the Court having reviewed and considered the Motion, the Schnitzler Declaration, and the Agreements; and the Court having held a hearing to consider the relief requested in the Motion (the “Hearing”); [and there being no objections to the requested relief]; and, after due deliberation, the Court having determined that the legal and factual bases set forth in the Motion and at the Hearing establish just cause for the relief granted herein; and the Court having determined that the relief requested is in the best interests of the Debtors, their estates, creditors and all parties in interest,

THE COURT HEREBY FINDS THAT:⁴

I. Jurisdiction, Final Order, and Statutory Predicates.

A. This Court has jurisdiction to hear and determine the Motion pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 157(a)-(b) and 1334(b) and the Amended Standing Order of Reference M-431, dated January 31, 2012 (Preska, C.J.). This is a core proceeding under 28 U.S.C. § 157(b). This Court may enter a final order with respect to the Motion, the Transaction (including the Sale), and all related relief, in each case, consistent with Article III of the United States Constitution. Venue of these Chapter 11 Cases and the Motion is proper in this District and in the Court pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1408 and 1409.

B. The statutory predicates for the relief requested in the Motion are sections 105(a), 363, and 365 of the Bankruptcy Code, Bankruptcy Rules 2002(a)(2), 6004, 6006, 9007 and 9014.

⁴ These findings and determinations constitute the Court’s findings of fact and conclusions of law pursuant to Bankruptcy Rule 7052, made applicable to this proceeding pursuant to Bankruptcy Rule 9014. Where appropriate, findings of fact shall be construed as conclusions of law and conclusions of law shall be construed as findings of fact. All findings of fact and conclusions of law announced by the Court at the Hearing in relation to the Motion are hereby incorporated herein to the extent not inconsistent herewith.

II. Notice.

C. As further evidenced by the affidavit of service previously filed with the Court [ECF No. [•]], and based on the representations of counsel at the Hearing, due, proper, timely, adequate, and sufficient notice of the Motion, the Hearing, the Transaction (including the Sale), the potential assumption and assignment or assignment, as applicable, of the Assigned Contracts to potentially be assumed and assigned or assigned, as applicable, to the Purchaser pursuant to this Order, the cure payments proposed in respect of each Executory Contract (each, a “Cure Cost”), and all deadlines related thereto, has been provided to all interested parties and entities, including the Notice Parties, in accordance with the Bankruptcy Code, the Bankruptcy Rules and the Local Rules. The aforementioned notices were and are timely, proper, sufficient, appropriate, fair and equitable under the particular circumstances, and reasonably calculated to provide the Notice Parties and all other interested parties with timely and proper notice under the circumstances of these Chapter 11 Cases. No other or further notice with respect to such matters is, or shall be, required.

D. A reasonable opportunity to object and be heard with respect to the Transaction (including the Sale), the Motion, and the relief requested therein, has been afforded to all interested parties.

E. The disclosures made by the Debtors concerning the Motion, the Agreements and the Hearing were good, complete and adequate.

III. Business Justification.

F. The Debtors have demonstrated compelling circumstances and a good, sufficient, and sound business purpose and justification for entering into the Agreements, which provide for, among other things, the private sale of the Purchased Assets to the Purchaser and a seven-year commitment by Purchaser to manufacture, package, test, release, store and deliver APIs to

the Debtors. The Debtors have, among other things, determined in their business judgment that, under current circumstances, the benefits of consummating the Transaction on the terms and conditions embodied in the Agreements outweigh any potential benefits of conducting a further marketing and overbid process for the Purchased Assets.

IV. Adequate Marketing.

G. As demonstrated by the Schnitzler Declaration, the testimony and other evidence proffered or adduced at the Hearing and the representations of counsel made on the record at the Hearing, the Debtors have adequately marketed the Purchased Assets.

V. Transaction in Best Interests.

H. Approval of the Agreements, the Transaction, and all related transactions at this time, and the actions to be taken by the Debtors and the Purchaser, are appropriate under the circumstances of these cases and are in the best interests of the Debtors, their estates and creditors, and all other parties in interest. The Debtors have demonstrated good, sufficient and sound business reasons and justifications for the Debtors' entry into the Transaction and the performance of its obligations under the Agreements.

VI. Good Faith of Purchaser.

I. The Debtors and the Purchaser have not engaged in any conduct that would cause or permit the APA or the consummation of the Sale to be avoided, or costs or damages to be imposed, under Bankruptcy Code section 363(n). The Purchaser has not acted in a collusive manner with any Person, and the purchase price was not controlled by any agreement among bidders, all of whom acted in good faith, at arm's length, and in a noncollusive manner. The Agreements were negotiated, proposed, and entered into by the Debtors and the Purchaser without collusion, in good faith, and from arm's-length bargaining positions. Among other things (i) the Purchaser recognized that the Debtors were free to deal with any other party

interested in acquiring the Purchased Assets and/or supplying the Debtors with APIs currently manufactured at the Coventry Facility; (ii) all payments to be made by the Purchaser, and other agreements or arrangements entered into by the Purchaser in connection with the Transaction have been disclosed; and (iii) no common identity of directors or controlling stockholders exists between the Purchaser, on the one hand, and the Debtors, on the other hand. The Purchaser is purchasing the Purchased Assets in good faith and for fair and reasonable consideration, and the Purchaser is a good-faith Purchaser within the meaning of section 363(m) of the Bankruptcy Code and is not an “insider” of any Debtor (as defined under section 101(31) of the Bankruptcy Code). The Purchaser is therefore entitled to the full rights, benefits, privileges, and protections afforded under section 363(m) of the Bankruptcy Code and any other applicable or similar bankruptcy and nonbankruptcy law.

VII. Purchaser Protections.

J. The Break-Up Fee and Expense Reimbursement (each as defined in the APA and, collectively, the “**Purchaser Protections**”) (i) are of substantial benefit to the Debtors’ estates, (ii) are reasonable and appropriate, including in light of the size and nature of the contemplated Transaction and the efforts expended by the Purchaser, (iii) were negotiated by the parties and their respective advisors at arm’s length and in good faith, and (iv) were necessary to ensure that the Purchaser continued to pursue the Transaction contemplated under the Agreements.

VIII. Corporate Authority.

K. Each Debtor (i) has full requisite corporate or other organizational power and authority to execute, deliver, and perform each Agreement, and to consummate the Transaction contemplated thereby (including the Sale), and such execution, delivery, and performance have been duly and validly authorized by all necessary corporate or other organizational action of each of the Debtors, (ii) has taken all requisite corporate or other organizational action and formalities

necessary to authorize and approve the execution, delivery, and performance of each Agreement and the consummation by the Debtors of the Transaction contemplated thereby (including the Sale), including as required by their respective organizational documents, and, upon execution thereof, each Agreement executed by such Debtor will be duly and validly executed and delivered by such Debtor and enforceable against such Debtor in accordance with its terms and, assuming due authorization, execution, and delivery thereof by the other parties thereto, will constitute a valid and binding obligation of such Debtor. No government, regulatory, or other consents or approvals, other than those expressly provided for in the Agreements, are required for the execution, delivery, and performance by the Debtors of the Agreements or for the consummation of the Transaction (including the Sale) contemplated thereby, or to take, or cause to be taken, all such other actions, as may be reasonably necessary to effectuate or evidence the Transaction contemplated by the Agreements (including the Sale).

IX. No Merger; Purchaser Not an Insider; No Successor Liability.

L. The Purchaser is not a “successor” to, a mere continuation of, or alter ego of the Debtors or their estates, and there is no continuity of enterprise or common identity between the Purchaser and the Debtors. The Purchaser is not holding itself out to the public as a successor to or a continuation of the Debtors or their estates. The Purchaser is not a successor to any of the Debtors or their estates by reason of any theory of law or equity, and the Transaction (including the Sale) does not amount to a consolidation, succession, merger, or de facto merger of Purchaser and the Debtors. Immediately prior to the Closing Date, the Purchaser was not an “insider” or “affiliate” of the Debtors, as those terms are defined in the Bankruptcy Code, and no common identity of incorporators, directors, or controlling stockholders existed between the Debtors and the Purchaser. The transfer of the Purchased Assets to the Purchaser, and the assumption of the Assumed Liabilities by the Purchaser, except as otherwise explicitly set forth in the APA, does

not, and will not, subject the Purchaser to any liability whatsoever, with respect to the Debtors or the operation of the Debtors' businesses prior to the Closing (including liabilities based on the Debtors' pre-closing ratings by governmental or quasi-governmental agencies or authorities) or by reason of such transfer, including under the laws of the United States, any state, territory, or possession thereof, or the District of Columbia, or any foreign jurisdiction, based, in whole or in part, directly or indirectly, on any, or any theory of, successor, vicarious, antitrust, environmental, revenue, pension, ERISA, tax, labor (including any WARN Act), employment or benefits, de facto merger, business continuation, substantial continuity, alter ego, derivative, transferee, veil piercing, escheat, continuity of enterprise, mere continuation, product line, or products liability or law, or other applicable law, rule, or regulation (including filing requirements under any such law, rule, or regulation), or theory of liability, whether legal, equitable, or otherwise (collectively, the "Successor or Other Liabilities"). Pursuant to the APA, the Purchaser shall have no liability for the Excluded Liabilities.

X. Binding and Valid Transfer.

M. The transfer of the Purchased Assets to the Purchaser will be a legal, valid, and effective transfer of the Purchased Assets, and will vest the Purchaser with all right, title, and interest of the Debtors to the Purchased Assets free and clear, to the fullest extent permitted by law, of all Interests (as defined below) (other than the Permitted Post-Closing Encumbrances and the Assumed Liabilities), as set forth in the APA. Immediately prior to consummating the Sale, the Purchased Assets constitute property of the Debtors' estates, good title is vested in the Debtors' estates within the meaning of section 541(a) of the Bankruptcy Code, and the Debtors are the sole and rightful owners of the Purchased Assets. Upon and following the consummation of the Sale, the Purchaser shall be vested with good and marketable title to the Purchased Assets and shall be the sole and rightful owner of the Purchased Assets.

N. The Agreements are valid and binding contracts between the Debtors and the Purchaser. The Agreements were not entered into for the purpose of hindering, delaying, or defrauding creditors under the Bankruptcy Code or under the laws of the United States, any state, territory, possession, or the District of Columbia, or foreign jurisdiction. As demonstrated by the Schnitzler Declaration, the consideration provided by the Purchaser in respect of the Transaction (i) is fair and reasonable, (ii) is the highest and best offer for the Purchased Assets, (iii) will provide a greater recovery for the Debtors' creditors than would be provided by any other practical available alternative, and (iv) constitutes reasonably equivalent value and fair consideration under the Bankruptcy Code and under the laws of the United States, any state, territory, possession, or the District of Columbia, and any foreign jurisdiction (including the Uniform Fraudulent Conveyance Act, the Uniform Fraudulent Transfer Act, and similar laws and acts). Neither the Debtors nor the Purchaser is entering into the Transaction contemplated by the Agreements fraudulently for the purpose of statutory and common-law fraudulent conveyance and fraudulent transfer claims.

XI. Section 363(f) Is Satisfied.

O. The conditions of section 363(f) of the Bankruptcy Code have been satisfied in full with respect to each Interest in the Purchased Assets; therefore, the Debtors may sell the Purchased Assets free and clear of all Interests (other than the Permitted Post-Closing Encumbrances and the Assumed Liabilities).

P. The Purchaser would not have entered into the Agreements and would not consummate the transactions contemplated thereby if (i) the sale of the Purchased Assets to the Purchaser were not free and clear of all Interests (other than the Permitted Post-Closing Encumbrances and the Assumed Liabilities) of any kind or nature whatsoever, or (ii) if the Purchaser would, or in the future could, be liable for any of the Interests (other than the

Permitted Post-Closing Encumbrances and the Assumed Liabilities). The Purchaser will not consummate the transactions contemplated by the Agreements unless this Court expressly orders that none of the Purchaser, its Affiliates, its members or shareholders, or the Purchased Assets will have any liability whatsoever with respect to, or be required to satisfy in any manner, whether at law or in equity, or by payment, setoff, recoupment, or otherwise, directly or indirectly, any Interests (other than the Permitted Post-Closing Encumbrances and the Assumed Liabilities), including rights or claims based on any Successor or Other Liabilities. The total consideration to be provided under the Agreements reflects the Purchaser's reliance on this Order to provide it, pursuant to sections 105(a) and 363 of the Bankruptcy Code, with title to and possession of the Purchased Assets free and clear of all Interests (other than the Permitted Post-Closing Encumbrances and the Assumed Liabilities) of any kind or nature whatsoever (including, without limitation, any potential Successor or Other Liabilities).

Q. Not transferring the Purchased Assets free and clear of all Interests (other than the Permitted Post-Closing Encumbrances and the Assumed Liabilities), including rights or claims based on any successor, transferee, derivative, or vicarious liability or any similar theory and/or applicable state, federal, or foreign law or otherwise, would adversely impact the Debtors' efforts to maximize the value of their estates, and the transfer of the Purchased Assets other than pursuant to a transfer that is free and clear of all Interests (other than the Permitted Post-Closing Encumbrances and the Assumed Liabilities) of any kind or nature whatsoever would be of substantially less benefit to the Debtors' estates.

R. The Debtors may sell the Purchased Assets free and clear of all Interests (other than the Permitted Encumbrances and the Assumed Liabilities) because, in each case, one or more of the standards set forth in section 363(f)(1)-(5) of the Bankruptcy Code has been

satisfied. Those holders of Interests who did not timely object to the Sale or the Motion or withdrew objections to the Sale or the Motion are deemed to have consented to the Sale and the Motion pursuant to section 363(f)(2) of the Bankruptcy Code. All Interests (except to the extent that such Encumbrances are Permitted Post-Closing Encumbrances or Assumed Liabilities) fall within one or more of the other subsections of section 363(f) of the Bankruptcy Code. All holders of Interests are adequately protected by having their Interests, if any, in each instance against the Debtors, their estates, or any of the Purchased Assets attach to the net cash proceeds of the Sale ultimately attributable to the Purchased Assets in which such holder alleges an Interest, in the same order of priority, with the same validity, force, and effect that such Interest had prior to the Sale, subject to any claims and defenses the Debtors and their estates may possess thereto.

XII. Cure Costs and Adequate Assurance of Future Performance.

S. The assumption and assignment or assignment, as applicable, of the Assigned Contracts pursuant to the terms of this Order is integral to the APA and is in the best interests of the Debtors and their estates, their creditors, and all other parties in interest, and represents the reasonable exercise of sound and prudent business judgment by the Debtors. The assumption and assignment or assignment, as applicable, of the Assigned Contracts (i) is necessary to sell the Purchased Assets to the Purchaser, (ii) allows the Debtors to maximize the value of the Purchased Assets, including the Assigned Contracts, (iii) limits the losses suffered by the counterparties to the Assigned Contracts (the “Contract Counterparties”), and (iv) maximizes the recoveries to other creditors of the Debtors by limiting the amount of claims against the Debtors’ estates by avoiding the rejection of the Assigned Contracts. For these reasons, the Debtors have exercised sound business judgment in assuming and assigning or assigning, as applicable, the

Assigned Contracts and such assumption and assignment or assignment, as applicable, is in the best interests of the Debtors' estates.

T. Pursuant to section 365(f) of the Bankruptcy Code, each Assigned Contract to be assumed and assigned or assigned, as applicable, under the APA shall be assigned and transferred to, and remain in full force and effect for the benefit of, the Purchaser, notwithstanding any provision in such contract prohibiting its assignment or transfer. No section of any of the Assigned Contracts that would prohibit, restrict, or condition, whether directly or indirectly, the use, assumption, or assignment of any of the Assigned Contracts in connection with the Sale shall have any force or effect.

U. Subject to the terms of the APA, the Debtors or the Purchaser, as the case may be, have cured or have demonstrated the ability to cure any default under any Assigned Contract with respect to any act or omission that occurred prior to the date of assignment of such Assigned Contract (such date, as applicable to each Assigned Contract, the "Assignment Date"). The Purchaser's promises to pay the Cure Costs upon the applicable Assignment Date and perform the obligations under the Assigned Contracts thereafter shall constitute adequate assurance of their future performance of and under the Assigned Contracts, within the meaning of sections 365(b)(1) and 365(f)(2) of the Bankruptcy Code. All counterparties to Executory Contracts who did not timely file an objection to a Cure Cost or an objection to the potential assumption and assignment of the Executory Contracts are deemed to consent to the assumption by the applicable Debtor of their respective Executory Contract and the assignment thereof to the Purchaser if such Executory Contract is or becomes an Assigned Contract pursuant to the terms of the APA and this Order. The Court finds that with respect to all such Assigned Contracts, the payment of Cure Costs is appropriate and is deemed to fully satisfy the Debtors' obligations

under section 365(b) of the Bankruptcy Code. Accordingly, all of the requirements of sections 365(b) and 365(f) of the Bankruptcy Code have been satisfied for the assumption and the assignment by the applicable Debtor to the Purchaser of each of the Assigned Contracts. To the extent any Assigned Contract is not an executory contract or unexpired lease within the meaning of section 365 of the Bankruptcy Code, it shall be transferred to the Purchaser in accordance with the terms of this Order that are applicable to the Purchased Assets.

XIII. Not a Sub Rosa Plan.

V. The Sale does not constitute a sub rosa chapter 11 plan for which approval has been sought without the protection that a disclosure statement would afford. The Sale neither impermissibly restructures the rights of any Debtor's creditors nor impermissibly dictates a liquidating plan for any Debtor.

XIV. Necessity of Order.

W. The Purchaser would not have entered into the Agreements and would not consummate the Transaction without all of the relief provided for in this Order. The consummation of the Transaction pursuant to this Order and the Agreements is necessary for the Debtors to maximize the value of their estates for the benefit of the Debtors, their estates and creditors, and all other parties in interest.

XV. Compelling Circumstances for an Immediate Transaction.

X. The Debtors' decision to enter into the Agreements and the Transaction represents an exercise of sound business judgment. The Debtors have demonstrated both (i) good, sufficient, and sound business purposes and justifications for approving the Agreements and (ii) compelling circumstances for the immediate approval and consummation of the Transaction contemplated by the Agreements outside the ordinary course of business, pursuant to section 363(b) of the Bankruptcy Code before, and outside of, a plan of reorganization, in that the

prompt consummation of the Transaction, including the Sale to the Purchaser, is necessary and appropriate to maximize the value of the Debtors' estates. Accordingly, there is cause to lift the stay contemplated by Bankruptcy Rules 6004 and 6006 with respect to the Transaction contemplated by this Order.

XVI. Final Order.

Y. This Order constitutes a final and appealable order within the meaning of 28 U.S.C. § 158(a). Notwithstanding Bankruptcy Rules 6004(h), 6006(d), and 7062, and to the extent necessary under Bankruptcy Rule 9014 and Rule 54(b) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, as made applicable by Bankruptcy Rule 7054, the Court expressly finds that there is no just reason for delay in the implementation of this Order and expressly directs entry of judgment as set forth herein.

THE COURT HEREBY ORDERS THAT:

I. General Provisions.

1. The findings and conclusions set forth herein constitute the Court's findings of fact and conclusions of law pursuant to Bankruptcy Rule 7052, made applicable to these Chapter 11 Cases pursuant to Bankruptcy Rule 9014. To the extent that any of the findings of fact constitute conclusions of law, they are adopted as such. To the extent any of the conclusions of law constitute findings of fact, they are adopted as such.

2. The Motion and the relief requested therein is granted and approved, and the transactions contemplated in the Motion and the Agreements, including the Sale and the Debtors' entry into the Supply Agreement, are approved, in each case as set forth herein and on the record of the Hearing, which is incorporated herein as if fully set forth in this Order.

3. All objections to, reservations of rights regarding, or other responses to the Motion or the relief requested therein, each Agreement, the Sale, the entry of this Order, or the relief

granted herein, including any objections to Cure Costs or the potential assumption and assignment of any of the Executory Contracts, that have not been withdrawn, waived, or settled, or that have not otherwise been resolved pursuant to the terms hereof, as announced to the Court at the Hearing, or by stipulation filed with the Court, are hereby denied and overruled on the merits with prejudice. Those parties who did not timely object to the Motion or the entry of this Order, or who withdrew their objections thereto, are deemed to have consented to the relief granted herein for all purposes, including without limitation, pursuant to section 363(f)(2) of the Bankruptcy Code.

II. Approval of the Agreements.

4. Each Agreement, including, in each case, any amendments, supplements, and modifications thereto, and all of the terms and conditions thereof, are hereby approved.
5. Pursuant to sections 105(a), 363, and 365 of the Bankruptcy Code, the Debtors are authorized and empowered to take any and all actions necessary or appropriate to (a) consummate the Transaction (including the Sale) pursuant to and in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Agreements, (b) close the Sale as contemplated in the APA and this Order, and (c) execute and deliver, perform under, consummate, implement, and take any and all other acts or actions as may be reasonably necessary or appropriate to the performance of their obligations as contemplated by the Agreements, including the assumption and assignment to the Purchaser of the Assigned Contracts that are prepetition contracts, the assignment to the Purchaser of the Assigned Contracts that are post-petition contracts, and the entry into the Supply Agreement and any other Ancillary Document, in each case without further notice to or order of this Court and including any actions that otherwise would require further approval by the Contract Counterparties, shareholders, members, or its board of directors, as the case may be, without the need of obtaining such approvals, together with all additional instruments and documents that may be reasonably necessary or desirable to implement the Agreements and the

Transaction (including the Sale). The Debtors are further authorized to pay, without further order of this Court, whether before, at or after the Closing, any amounts that become payable by the Debtors pursuant to the Agreements (and related agreements executed in connection with the Transaction), together with other fees and expenses approved by the Court. Such amounts shall (i) constitute allowed administrative expenses of the Debtors' estates under sections 503(b)(1) and 507(a)(2) of the Bankruptcy Code; (ii) be treated with such priority if the Chapter 11 Cases convert to cases under chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code; and (iii) not be discharged, modified or otherwise affected by any reorganization or liquidation plan for any of the Debtors, except by written agreement with the Purchaser (such agreement to be provided in the Purchaser's sole discretion).

6. The Purchaser Protections are approved on the terms and conditions set forth in the APA.

7. Each Agreement and this Order shall be binding in all respects upon the Debtors, their estates, all creditors, all holders of equity interests in any Debtor, all holders of Claims (whether known or unknown) against the Debtors, any holders of Liens (as defined below) or other Interests against, in, or on all or any portion of the Purchased Assets, all counterparties to any executory contract or unexpired lease of the Debtors (including all Contract Counterparties), all agencies (including those that assess liability on entities based on ratings), the Purchaser, and all successors and assigns of each of the foregoing, including, without limitation, any trustee subsequently appointed in these Chapter 11 Cases or upon a conversion to chapter 7 under the Bankruptcy Code, and any Person seeking to assert rights on behalf of any of the foregoing or that belong to the Debtors' estates.

III. Transfer of the Purchased Assets.

8. Pursuant to sections 105(a), 363(b), 363(f), 365(b), and 365(f) of the Bankruptcy Code, the Debtors shall transfer the Purchased Assets, including but not limited to, the Assigned Contracts, to the Purchaser in accordance with the terms of the APA; such transfer shall constitute a legal, valid, binding, and effective transfer of such Purchased Assets; and the Purchaser shall take title to and possession of such Purchased Assets free and clear of all Interests (other than the Permitted Post-Closing Encumbrances and the Assumed Liabilities). Any and all valid and perfected Interests in the Purchased Assets shall attach solely to the net proceeds of the Sale with the same validity, force, and effect, if any, and in the same order of priority, that they have now as against the Purchased Assets, subject to any rights, claims, and defenses the Debtors or their estates, as applicable, may possess with respect thereto.

9. The transfer of the Purchased Assets to the Purchaser in accordance with the terms of the APA will be a legal, valid, enforceable, and effective sale and transfer of the Purchased Assets and the Assumed Liabilities and (i) will vest the Purchaser with all legal, equitable, and beneficial right, title, and interest of the Debtors to the Purchased Assets free and clear of all Interests (other than the Permitted Encumbrances or the Assumed Liabilities) of any kind or nature whatsoever, including without limitation, rights or claims based on any Successor or Other Liabilities, and (ii) will render the Purchaser fully liable for any and all Assumed Liabilities, and assumption of any Assumed Liabilities by the Purchaser shall constitute a legal, valid and effective delegation of any Assumed Liabilities to the Purchaser and shall divest the Debtors of all liability with respect to any Assumed Liabilities.

10. The transfer of each of the Purchased Assets to the Purchaser will be a legal, valid, and effective transfer of the Purchased Assets, which transfer vests or will vest the Purchaser with all right, title, and interest to the Purchased Assets free and clear of (i) all liens (including any liens

as that term is defined in section 101(37) of the Bankruptcy Code) and Encumbrances (as defined in the Agreement) relating to, accruing, or arising any time prior to the Closing Date (collectively, the “Liens”), and (ii) all debts (as that term is defined in section 101(12) of the Bankruptcy Code) arising under, relating to, or in connection with any act of the Debtors or claims (as that term is defined in section 101(5) of the Bankruptcy Code), liabilities, obligations, demands, guaranties, options in favor of third parties, rights, contractual commitments, restrictions, interests, mortgages, hypothecations, charges, indentures, loan agreements, instruments, collective bargaining agreements, leases, licenses, deeds of trust, security interests or similar interests, conditional sale or other title retention agreements and other similar impositions, restrictions on transfer or use, pledges, judgments, claims for reimbursement, contribution, indemnity, exoneration, infringement, products liability, alter ego liability, suits, credits, allowances, options, limitations, causes of action, choses in action, rights of first refusal or first offer, rebate, chargeback, credit, or return, proxy, voting trust or agreement or transfer restriction under any shareholder or similar agreement or encumbrance, easements, rights of way, encroachments, and matters of any kind and nature, whether arising prior to or subsequent to the Petition Date, whether known or unknown, legal or equitable, matured or unmatured, contingent or noncontingent, liquidated or unliquidated, asserted or unasserted, whether imposed by agreement, understanding, law, equity, or otherwise (including, without limitation, rights with respect to Claims (as defined below) and Liens (A) that purport to give to any party a right or option to effect a setoff or recoupment against, or a right or option to effect any forfeiture, modification, profit sharing interest, right of first refusal, purchase or repurchase right or option, or termination of, any of the Debtors’ or the Purchaser’s interests in the Purchased Assets, or any similar rights, if any, or (B) in respect of taxes, restrictions, rights of first refusal, charges of interests of any kind or nature, if any, including without limitation, any

restriction of use, voting, transfer, receipt of income, or other exercise of any attribute of ownership) (collectively, as defined in this clause (ii), the “Claims,” and together with the Liens and other interests of any kind or nature whatsoever, the “Interests”), relating to, accruing, or arising any time prior to entry of this Order, with the exception of the Permitted Post-Closing Encumbrances and the Assumed Liabilities. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary herein, the APA, or the Motion, “Interests” shall not include, and the assets shall not be sold free and clear of, rights of setoff asserted pre-petition, recoupment, or other affirmative defenses.

11. Except as expressly assumed by the Purchaser under the APA, the transfer of the Purchased Assets to the Purchaser and the assignment to the Purchaser of the Assigned Contracts will not subject the Purchaser to any liability whatsoever which may become due or owing under the Assigned Contracts prior to the Assignment Date, or by reason of such transfer under the laws of the United States, any state, territory, or possession thereof, or the District of Columbia, or foreign jurisdiction, based, in whole or in part, directly or indirectly, on any theory of law or equity, including any Successor or Other Liabilities.

12. The Agreements are valid and binding contracts between the Debtors and the Purchaser and shall be enforceable pursuant to their terms. The Agreements, the Transaction (including the Sale), and the consummation thereof shall be specifically enforceable against and binding upon (without posting any bond) the Debtors and any chapter 7 or chapter 11 trustee appointed in these Chapter 11 Cases or any converted or successor cases, and shall not be subject to rejection or avoidance by the foregoing parties or any other Person. The Agreements were not entered into for the purpose of hindering, delaying, or defrauding creditors under the Bankruptcy Code or under the laws of the United States, any state, territory, possession, or the District of Columbia, or foreign jurisdiction. As demonstrated by the Schnitzler Declaration, the

consideration provided by the Purchaser for the Purchased Assets pursuant to the Agreements (i) is fair and reasonable, (ii) is the highest and best offer for the Purchased Assets, (iii) will provide a greater recovery for the Debtors' creditors than would be provided by any other practical available alternative, and (iv) constitutes reasonably equivalent value and fair consideration under the Bankruptcy Code and under the laws of the United States, any state, territory, possession, or the District of Columbia, and any foreign jurisdiction (including the Uniform Fraudulent Conveyance Act, the Uniform Fraudulent Transfer Act, and similar laws and acts). Neither the Debtors nor the Purchaser is entering into the Transaction contemplated by the Agreements with any fraudulent or otherwise improper purpose, including for the purpose of statutory and common-law fraudulent conveyance and fraudulent transfer claims.

13. Each and every federal, state, local, and other governmental agency, governmental department, filing agent, filing officer, title agent, recording agency, secretary of state, federal, state, and local official, and any other persons and entity who may be required by operation of law, the duties of their office or contract, to accept, file, register, or otherwise record or release any documents or instruments or who may be required to report or insure any title in or to the Purchased Assets, is hereby directed to accept any and all documents and instruments necessary and appropriate to consummate the Sale contemplated by the APA. Neither the Debtors nor the Purchaser shall be required to execute or file releases, termination statements, assignments, consents, or other instruments or documents in order to effectuate, consummate, and implement the provisions of this Order. The Purchaser may, but shall not be required to, file a certified copy of this Order in any filing or recording office in any federal, state, county, or other territory or jurisdiction in which any of the Debtors is incorporated or has real or personal property, or with any other appropriate clerk or recorded with any other appropriate recorder, and

such filing or recording shall be accepted and shall be sufficient to release, discharge, and terminate any of the Interests as set forth in this Order as of the Closing Date.

14. On the Closing Date, each of the Debtors' creditors is authorized and directed to execute such documents and take all other actions as may be reasonably necessary to release its Liens, if any, in the Purchased Assets, as such Liens may otherwise exist. If any Person that has filed a financing statement, mortgage, mechanic's lien, *lis pendens*, or other statement, document, or agreement evidencing an Interest in any portion of the Purchased Assets (other than statements or documents with respect to Permitted Post-Closing Encumbrances or Assumed Liabilities) shall not have delivered to the Debtors prior to the Closing, in proper form for filing and executed by the appropriate parties, termination statements, instruments of satisfaction, releases, and/or other similar documents necessary for the purpose of documenting the release of all Interests that such Person has in the Purchased Assets, then (i) the Debtors are hereby authorized to execute and file such statements, instruments, releases, and/or other similar documents on behalf of such Person with respect to the Purchased Assets, (ii) the Purchaser is hereby authorized to file, register, or otherwise record a certified copy of this Order that, once filed, registered, or otherwise recorded, shall constitute conclusive evidence of the release of all Interests of any kind or nature in the Purchased Assets, and (iii) the Purchaser may seek in this Court, or any other court of appropriate jurisdiction, to compel the appropriate parties to execute termination statements, instruments of satisfaction, releases, and/or other similar documents with respect to all Interests that such Person has in the Purchased Assets. This Order is deemed to be in recordable form sufficient to be placed in the filing or recording system of each and every federal, state, or local government agency, department, or office.

15. The Debtors and the Purchaser shall have no obligation to proceed with the Closing until all conditions precedent to its obligations to proceed have been met, satisfied or waived in accordance with the terms of the APA.

16. Unless the Purchaser otherwise consents, all Persons that are in or come into possession of any portion of the Purchased Assets, at any time prior to the Closing Date, are hereby directed to surrender possession of such Purchased Assets to the Purchaser on the Closing Date, or at such time thereafter as the Purchaser may request. Subject to the terms of this Order, all Persons are hereby forever prohibited and enjoined from taking any action that would adversely affect or interfere with the ability of the Debtors to sell and transfer the Purchased Assets to the Purchaser in accordance with the terms of the APA and this Order.

17. This Order is and shall be binding upon and govern the acts of all Persons (including, without limitation, all filing agents, filing officers, title agents, title companies, recorders of mortgages, recorders of deeds, registrars of deeds, administrative agencies, governmental departments, secretaries of state, federal, state, and local officials, and all other persons or entities) who may be required by operation of law, the duties of their office, or contract, to accept, file, register, or otherwise record or release any documents or instruments, or who may be required to report or insure any title or state of title in or to any lease; and each of the foregoing Persons shall accept for filing any and all of the documents and instruments necessary and appropriate to release, discharge, and terminate any of the Interests or to otherwise consummate the transactions contemplated by the Agreements and this Order.

18. To the extent permitted under applicable law, the Purchaser shall be authorized, as of the Closing Date, to operate under any license, permit, registration, and governmental authorization or approval of the Debtors with respect to the Purchased Assets, and all such

licenses, permits, registrations, and governmental authorizations or approvals are deemed to have been, and hereby are, directed to be transferred to the Purchaser as of the Closing Date. To the extent provided by section 525 of the Bankruptcy Code, no governmental unit may deny, revoke, suspend, or refuse to renew any permit, license, or similar grant relating to the operation of the Purchased Assets on account of the filing or pendency of these Chapter 11 Cases or the consummation of the transactions contemplated by the Agreements, including the Sale and the assumption and assignment or assignment, as applicable, of the Assigned Contracts. To the extent any license or permit necessary for the operation of the business of the Debtors is determined not to be an executory contract assumable and assignable under section 365 of the Bankruptcy Code or otherwise transferable to the Purchaser, the Purchaser may apply for and obtain any necessary license or permit promptly and the Debtors are hereby authorized to cooperate with the Purchaser in connection with any such application as the Purchaser deems reasonably necessary or desirable, pursuant to the provisions of the Agreements.

19. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary herein, as of or following the Closing Date, as applicable, the Purchaser shall assume and pay, discharge, perform or otherwise satisfy the Assumed Liabilities, subject to the terms of the APA.

IV. Assumption and Assignment or Assignment, As Applicable, of Assigned Contracts.

20. Pursuant to sections 105(a), 363 and 365 of the Bankruptcy Code, and subject to and conditioned upon the Closing of the Sale, the applicable Debtors' assumption and assignment or assignment, as applicable, to the Purchaser, and the Purchaser's acceptance of, the Assigned Contracts, on the terms set forth in the APA, is hereby approved, and the requirements of section 365(b)(1) and 365(f)(2) with respect thereto are hereby found and deemed to be satisfied.

21. The Debtors are hereby authorized and, unless the Debtors and the Purchaser otherwise agree, directed in accordance with sections 105(a), 363, and 365 of the Bankruptcy Code to (a) assume and assign or assign, as applicable, to the Purchaser, effective upon the Assignment Date, the Assigned Contracts free and clear of all Interests (other than the Permitted Post-Closing Encumbrances and the Assumed Liabilities) and (b) execute and deliver to the Purchaser such documents or other instruments as Purchaser deems may be necessary to assign and transfer the Assigned Contracts to the Purchaser.

22. With respect to the Assigned Contracts, and with respect to the Sale of the Purchased Assets to the Purchaser: (a) the Debtors may assume each of the Assigned Contracts that is a prepetition contract in accordance with section 365 of the Bankruptcy Code; (b) the Debtors may assign each Assigned Contract in accordance with sections 363 and 365 of the Bankruptcy Code, and, to the extent provided in section 365 of the Bankruptcy Code, any provisions in any Assigned Contract that prohibit or condition the assignment of such Assigned Contract or allow the party to such Assigned Contract to terminate, recapture, impose any penalty, condition renewal or extension, or modify any term or condition upon the assignment of such Assigned Contract, constitute unenforceable anti-assignment provisions which are void and of no force and effect; (c) all other requirements and conditions under sections 363 and 365 of the Bankruptcy Code for the assumption by the Debtors and assignment or assignment, as applicable, to the Purchaser of each Assigned Contract have been satisfied; and (d) effective upon the Assignment Date, the Assigned Contracts shall be transferred and assigned to, and from and following the Assignment Date remain in full force and effect for the benefit of, the Purchaser, notwithstanding any provision in any Assigned Contract that prohibits, restricts, or conditions such assignment or transfer and, pursuant to section 365(k) of the Bankruptcy Code, the Debtors shall

be relieved from any further liability with respect to the Assigned Contracts after such assumption and assignment or assignment, as applicable, to the Purchaser, except as provided in the APA. To the extent any provision in any Assigned Contract assumed and assigned or assigned, as applicable, pursuant to this Order (i) prohibits, restricts, or conditions, or purports to prohibit, restrict, or condition, such assumption and assignment or assignment (including, without limitation, any “change of control” provision), or (ii) is modified, breached, or terminated, or deemed modified, breached, or terminated by any of the following: (A) the commencement of these Chapter 11 Cases, (B) the insolvency or financial condition of any of the Debtors at any time before the closing of these Chapter 11 Cases, (C) the Debtors’ assumption and/or assignment of such Assigned Contract, (D) a change of control or similar occurrence, or (E) the consummation of the Sale, then such provision shall be deemed modified so as not to entitle the non-Debtor party thereto to prohibit, restrict, or condition such assumption and assignment or assignment, to modify, terminate, or declare a breach or default under such Assigned Contract, or to exercise any other default-related rights or remedies with respect thereto. With respect to the Sale of the Purchased Assets to the Purchaser, all such provisions constitute unenforceable anti-assignment provisions that are void and of no force and effect pursuant to sections 365(b), 365(e), and 365(f) of the Bankruptcy Code.

23. All defaults or other obligations of the Debtors under the Assigned Contracts arising or accruing prior to the Assignment Date, or required to be paid pursuant to section 365 of the Bankruptcy Code in connection with the assumption and assignment or assignment, as applicable, of the Assigned Contracts shall be cured by the Debtors or the Purchaser, as applicable, to the extent set forth in the APA and this Order.

24. All requirements and conditions under sections 363 and 365 of the Bankruptcy Code for the assumption by the Debtors and assignment to the Purchaser of the Assigned

Contracts have been satisfied. Each of the Assigned Contracts shall be deemed to be valid and binding and in full force and effect and enforceable in accordance with their terms as of the Assignment Date, subject to any amendments or modifications agreed to between a Contract Counterparty and the Purchaser. Upon the Assignment Date, in accordance with sections 363 and 365 of the Bankruptcy Code, the Purchaser shall be fully and irrevocably vested with all right, title, and interest of the Debtors in and under the Assigned Contracts, and each Assigned Contract shall be fully enforceable by the Purchaser in accordance with its respective terms and conditions, except as limited or modified by this Order. To the extent provided in the APA, the Debtors shall cooperate with, and take all actions reasonably requested by, the Purchaser to effectuate the foregoing.

25. Upon payment of the Cure Costs pursuant to the terms hereof and the APA, and the Debtors' assignment of the Assigned Contracts to the Purchaser under the provisions of this Order, no default or other obligations arising prior to the Assignment Date shall exist under any Assigned Contract, and each Contract Counterparty is forever barred, estopped, and permanently enjoined from (a) declaring a default by the Debtors or the Purchaser under such Assigned Contract based on acts or occurrences arising prior to or existing as of the Assignment Date, (b) raising or asserting against the Debtors or the Purchaser, or the property of either of them, any assignment fee, default, breach, or claim of pecuniary loss, or condition to assignment, arising under or related to the Assigned Contracts, or (c) taking any other action against the Purchaser as a result of any Debtor's financial condition, bankruptcy, or failure to perform any of its obligations under the relevant Assigned Contract. Each Contract Counterparty hereby is also forever barred, estopped, and permanently enjoined from (i) asserting against the Debtors or the Purchaser, or the property of any of them, any default or Claim arising out of any indemnity or other obligation or warranties

for acts or occurrences arising prior to or existing as of the Assignment Date, and (ii) imposing or charging against Purchaser or its affiliates any rent accelerations, assignment fees, increases, or any other fees as a result of the Debtors' assumption and assignment or assignment, as applicable, to Purchaser of the Assigned Contracts.

26. Subject to the terms and conditions of the APA, and upon the Assignment Date, the Debtors shall have: (i) to the extent necessary, cured or provided adequate assurance of cure of, any default existing prior to the date hereof under the Assigned Contracts, within the meaning of sections 365(b)(1)(A) and 365(f)(2)(A) of the Bankruptcy Code and (ii) to the extent necessary, provided compensation or adequate assurance of compensation to any party for any actual pecuniary loss to such party resulting from a default prior to the date hereof under the Assigned Contracts, within the meaning of sections 365(b)(1)(B) and 365(f)(2)(B) of the Bankruptcy Code. The Debtors' and Purchaser's obligations to pay the Cure Costs under the APA and the Purchaser's agreement to perform the obligations under the Assigned Contracts in accordance with the terms of the APA shall constitute adequate assurance of future performance within the meaning of sections 365(b)(1)(C) and 365(f)(2)(B) of the Bankruptcy Code to the extent that any such assurance is required and not waived by the Contract Counterparties.

27. To the furthest extent permitted by law, any party that may have had the right to consent to the assumption or assignment or assignment, as applicable, of an Assigned Contract is deemed to have consented to such assumption and assignment or assignment for purposes of section 365(e)(2)(A)(ii) of the Bankruptcy Code if such party failed to timely object to the potential assumption or assignment of such Assigned Contract, and the Purchaser shall be deemed to have demonstrated adequate assurance of future performance with respect to such Assigned Contract pursuant to sections 365(b)(1)(C) and 365(f)(2)(B) of the Bankruptcy Code.

Any counterparty to an Executory Contract that may be assumed and assigned to the Purchaser who has not timely filed and served an objection shall be barred from objecting, or asserting monetary or non-monetary defaults, with respect to any such Executory Contract, and such Executory Contract, if designated as an Assigned Contract in accordance with the terms of the APA, shall be deemed assumed by the Debtors and assigned to the Purchaser on the Assignment Date pursuant to this Order.

28. No later than five (5) Business Days after the Closing Date, the Debtors shall file with the Court a notice (the “Closing Date Assigned Contracts Notice”) listing the Assigned Contracts included on Schedule 1.1(e) of the APA as of the Closing Date (the “Closing Date Assigned Contracts”) and serve such Closing Date Assigned Contracts Notice on the Contract Counterparties to each Closing Date Assigned Contract. No later than five (5) Business Days after the Designation Deadline (as defined in the APA), the Debtors shall file with the Court a notice (the “Designation Deadline Assigned Contracts Notice”) listing any Assigned Contracts added to Schedule 1.1(e) of the APA after the Closing Date in accordance with Section 1.5(e) of the APA (the “Designation Deadline Assigned Contracts”) and serve such Designation Deadline Assigned Contracts Notice on the Contract Counterparties to each Designation Deadline Assigned Contract.

29. To the extent a Contract Counterparty fails to timely object to the Cure Costs for any Executory Contract, such Cure Costs shall be deemed to be finally determined and any such counterparty shall be prohibited from challenging, objecting to, or denying the validity and finality of the Cure Costs at any time.

30. The requirements of Bankruptcy Rule 6006(f)(6) are hereby waived with respect to the Motion and the relief requested therein.

31. Upon and as of the Assignment Date, the Purchaser shall be deemed to be substituted for the applicable Debtor as a party to the applicable Assigned Contracts and the Debtors shall be relieved, pursuant to section 365(k) of the Bankruptcy Code, from any further liability under the Assigned Contracts.

32. The Contract Counterparties shall cooperate and expeditiously execute and deliver, upon the reasonable requests of the Purchaser, any instruments, applications, consents, or other documents that may be required or requested by any public authority or other party or entity to effectuate the applicable transfers in connection with the Sale of the Purchased Assets.

33. From the date of the entry of the Order, the Debtors may, in their sole discretion, settle objections to assumption and assignment or assignment, as applicable, of any Assigned Contract, including to proposed Cure Costs, without any further notice to or action by any party or order of the Court (including by paying any agreed Cure Cost); *provided* that notice to and consent of the Purchaser shall be required to the extent the Purchaser is liable for such Cure Cost pursuant to the APA as modified by this Order. Unless the Court orders otherwise, contemporaneously with the resolution of any such objection, the executory contract or unexpired lease underlying such objection shall be deemed an Assigned Contract without the necessity of obtaining any further order of the Court.

34. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary herein, no executory contract or unexpired lease as to which a Contract Counterparty timely files and serves an objection shall be considered an Assigned Contract under this Order unless and until any timely objection to the assumption and assignment or assignment, as applicable, of such executory contract or unexpired lease has been resolved or overruled.

35. In the event that an Executory Contract is omitted from the Notice of Potential Assumption and Assignment or Assignment, as Applicable, of Contracts and Proposed Cure Costs, and the Purchaser desires to designate such Executory Contract as an Assigned Contract in accordance with the terms of the APA, the Debtors shall promptly (x) serve a supplemental assumption and assignment notice (each, a “Supplemental Assumption and Assignment Notice”) by first class mail or electronic mail on the applicable Contract Counterparties setting forth the Debtors’ intention to assume and assign such Executory Contracts to the Purchaser (which notice shall include the applicable proposed Cure Costs) and (y) file the Supplemental Assumption and Assignment Notice with the Court.

36. Any Contract Counterparty to an Executory Contract listed on a Supplemental Assumption and Assignment Notice may object to the proposed assumption or assignment of such Executory Contract, the Debtors’ proposed Cure Costs, if any, or the ability of the Purchaser to provide adequate assurance of future performance (a “Supplemental Assumption and Assignment Objection”). All Supplemental Assumption and Assignment Objections must (a) be in writing, (b) comply with the Bankruptcy Code, Bankruptcy Rules and Local Bankruptcy Rules, (c) state, with specificity, the legal and factual bases thereof, including, if applicable, the amount of the Cure Costs the Contract Counterparty believes is required to cure defaults under the relevant Assigned Contract, (d) be filed by no later than **fourteen (14) days from the date of service of such Supplemental Assumption and Assignment Notice** and (e) be served on the Assumption and Assignment Objection Notice Parties (as defined in the Motion).

37. If a Contract Counterparty files a timely Supplemental Assumption and Assignment Objection, the Court will hear and determine such objection on an expedited basis, and if reasonably practicable no later than the applicable Assignment Date. If such objection has

not been resolved prior to the applicable Assignment Date (whether by an order of the Court or by agreement with the Contract Counterparty), the Purchaser shall pay as soon as reasonably practicable after the applicable Assignment Date any such disputed Cure Cost pursuant to an Order of the Bankruptcy Court or mutual agreement between the Debtors, the Purchaser and the Contract Counterparty.

38. Nothing in this Order, the Motion, or any other notice or any other document is or shall be deemed an admission by the Debtors that any contract is an executory contract or must be assumed and assigned pursuant to the APA or in order to consummate the Sale.

V. No Successor Liability; Prohibition of Actions Against the Purchaser.

39. The Purchaser is not a “successor” to, continuation of, or alter ego of, any of the Debtors or their estates by reason of any theory of law or equity. Except with respect to the Permitted Post-Closing Encumbrances and Assumed Liabilities, the Purchaser shall not have, assume, or be deemed to assume, or in any way be responsible for, any liability or obligation of any of the Debtors or their estates, or any of the Debtors’ predecessors or Affiliates with respect to the Purchased Assets or otherwise. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, and except as otherwise specifically provided in the APA, the Purchaser shall not be liable for any Interests against, or with respect to, the Debtors, their estates, or any of the Debtors’ predecessors, or Affiliates, including but not limited to, any Successor or Other Liabilities. Neither the purchase of the Purchased Assets by the Purchaser nor the fact that the Purchaser is using any of the Purchased Assets previously operated by the Debtors will cause the Purchaser to be deemed a successor to, combination of, or alter ego of, in any respect, any of the Debtors or the Debtors’ businesses, or incur any liability derived therefrom within the meaning of any foreign, federal, state, or local revenue, pension, ERISA, tax, antitrust, environmental, labor law (including any WARN Act), employment or benefits law, de facto merger, business continuation,

substantial continuity, successor, vicarious, alter ego, derivative, or transferee liability, veil piercing, escheat, continuity of enterprise, mere continuation, product line, or other law, rule, regulation (including filing requirements under any such laws, rules, or regulations), or under any products liability law or doctrine with respect to the Debtors' liability under such law, rule, or regulation or doctrine, whether now known or unknown, now existing or hereafter arising, whether fixed or contingent, whether asserted or unasserted, whether legal or equitable, whether matured or unmatured, whether contingent or noncontingent, whether liquidated or unliquidated, whether arising prior to or subsequent to the Petition Date, whether imposed by agreement, understanding, law, equity, or otherwise, including, but not limited to, liabilities on account of warranties, intercompany loans, and receivables among the Debtors, and any taxes, arising, accruing, or payable under, out of, in connection with, or in any way relating to the cancellation of debt of the Debtors or their Affiliates, or in any way relating to the operation of any of the Purchased Assets or ratings experience of the Debtors prior to the Closing Date, in each case other than the Permitted Post-Closing Encumbrances and Assumed Liabilities.

40. Except with respect to Permitted Post-Closing Encumbrances, Assumed Liabilities and to the extent otherwise specifically agreed in the APA, the Purchaser shall not have any liability, responsibility, or obligation for any Interests of the Debtors or their estates, including any claims, liabilities, or other obligations related to the Purchased Assets which may become due or owing (a) prior to the Closing Date or (b) from and after the Closing Date but which arise out of or relate to any act, omission, circumstance, breach, default, or other event occurring prior to the Closing Date.

41. Except with respect to Permitted Post-Closing Encumbrances, Assumed Liabilities, or as otherwise set forth in the APA, all Persons (including but not limited to, all debt holders,

equity security holders, governmental, tax, and regulatory authorities, lenders, trade creditors, litigation claimants, contract counterparties, customers, landlords, licensors, employees), and other holders of Interests against or in any of the Debtors or any portion of the Purchased Assets (whether legal or equitable, secured or unsecured, matured or unmatured, known or unknown, contingent or noncontingent, liquidated or unliquidated, senior or subordinate, asserted or unasserted, whether arising prior to or subsequent to the Petition Date, whether imposed by agreement, understanding, law, equity, or otherwise), arising under or out of, in connection with, or in any way relating to, the Debtors, the Purchased Assets, the operation of the Debtors' business prior to the Closing, or the transfer of the Purchased Assets to the Purchaser (including without limitation any Successor or Other Liabilities or rights or claims based thereon) shall be, and hereby are, forever barred, estopped, and permanently enjoined from asserting, prosecuting, or otherwise pursuing against the Purchaser, any of the Purchaser's Affiliates or Subsidiaries, or any of their respective officers, directors, partners, principals, shareholders, professionals, or representatives, successors, or assigns, or their respective assets or properties, including, without limitation, the Purchased Assets, the Interests of any kind or nature whatsoever such Person had, has, or may have against or in the Debtors, their estates, officers, directors, shareholders, or the Purchased Assets, including, without limitation, the following actions: (a) commencing or continuing in any manner any action or other proceeding, the employment of process, or any act (whether in law or equity, in any judicial, administrative, arbitral, or other proceeding) against the Purchaser, the Purchaser's Affiliates or Subsidiaries, or any of their respective officers, directors, partners, principals, shareholders, professionals, or representatives, successors, or assigns, or their respective assets or properties, including the Purchased Assets; (b) enforcing, attaching, collecting, or recovering in any manner any judgment, award, decree, or order against the Purchaser, any of the Purchaser's Affiliates or

Subsidiaries, or any of their respective officers, directors, partners, principals, shareholders, professionals, or representatives, successors, or assigns, or their respective assets or properties, including the Purchased Assets; (c) creating, perfecting, or enforcing any Interest against the Purchaser, any of the Purchaser's Affiliates or Subsidiaries, or any of their respective officers, directors, partners, principals, shareholders, professionals, or representatives, successors, or assigns, or their respective assets or properties, including the Purchased Assets; (d) asserting any setoff not asserted prepetition, or right of subrogation, of any kind against any obligation due the Purchaser, any of its Affiliates or Subsidiaries, or any of their respective officers, directors, partners, principals, shareholders, professionals, or representatives, successors, or assigns, or their respective assets or properties, including the Purchased Assets; (e) commencing or continuing any action, in any manner or place, that does not comply or is inconsistent with the provisions of this Order or other orders of the Court, or the agreements or actions contemplated or taken in respect thereof; or (f) to the extent prohibited by Section 525 of the Bankruptcy Code, revoking, terminating, or failing or refusing to transfer or renew any license, permit, or authorization to operate any of the Purchased Assets or conduct any of the businesses operated with the Purchased Assets. Nothing contained herein, the Agreements or the Motion shall enjoin any party from asserting any affirmative defenses.

42. Except as provided in the APA and without limiting other applicable provisions of this Order, the Purchaser is not, by virtue of the consummation of the Transaction (including the Sale), assuming, nor shall it be liable or responsible for any liabilities, debts, commitments, or obligations (whether known or unknown, disclosed or undisclosed, absolute, contingent, inchoate, fixed, or otherwise) in any way whatsoever relating to or arising from the Debtors, the Purchased Assets, or the Debtors' operation of their businesses or use of the Purchased Assets on

or prior to the Closing Date or any such liabilities, debts, commitments, or obligations that in any way whatsoever relate to periods on or prior to the Closing Date or are to be observed, paid, discharged, or performed on or prior to the Closing Date (in each case, including, without limitation, Successor or Other Liabilities and any liabilities that result from, relate to, or arise out of tort or product liability claims), or any liabilities calculable by reference to the Debtors or their assets or operations (including, without limitation, by reference to the Debtors' experience or similar ratings), or relating to continuing conditions existing on or prior to the Closing Date, including with respect to any of the Debtors' predecessors or Affiliates, which liabilities, debts, commitments, and obligations are hereby extinguished insofar as they may give rise to Successor or Other Liability.

VI. Other Provisions.

43. The consideration provided by the Purchaser to the Debtors pursuant to the Agreements for the Purchased Assets is fair and reasonable and shall be deemed for all purposes to constitute reasonably equivalent value, fair value, and fair consideration, including under the Bankruptcy Code, Uniform Fraudulent Transfer Act, Uniform Fraudulent Conveyance Act, and under the laws of the United States, any state, territory, possession, the District of Columbia, or any foreign jurisdiction.

44. The transactions contemplated by the Agreements and this Order are undertaken by the Purchaser without collusion and in good faith, as that term is defined in section 363(m) of the Bankruptcy Code, and, accordingly, the reversal or modification on appeal of the authorization provided herein to consummate the Transaction (including the Sale) shall not alter, affect, limit, or otherwise impair the validity of the Sale (including the assumption, assignment, and/or transfer of the Assigned Contracts), unless such authorization and consummation of the Sale are duly stayed pending such appeal. The Purchaser is a good-faith purchaser within the

meaning of section 363(m) of the Bankruptcy Code and, as such, is entitled to, and hereby granted, the full rights, benefits, privileges, and protections of section 363(m) of the Bankruptcy Code. As a good-faith purchaser of the Purchased Assets, the Purchaser has not entered into any agreement with any other potential bidders and has not colluded with any potential or actual bidders, and therefore, neither the Debtors nor any successor in interest to the Debtors' estates shall be entitled to bring an action against the Purchaser, and the Sale may not be avoided pursuant to section 363(n) of the Bankruptcy Code.

45. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary herein, the APA or the Motion, the Sale shall not be exempt from taxes under Section 1146(a) under the Bankruptcy Code. No bulk sales law or any similar law of any state or other jurisdiction shall apply in any way to the transactions contemplated under the APA. No brokers were involved in consummating the Sale or the other such transactions, and no brokers' commissions are due to any person or entity in connection with the Sale or the other such transactions. The Purchaser is not and will not become obligated to pay any fee or commission or like payment to any broker, finder, or financial advisor as a result of the consummation of the Sale based upon any arrangement made by or on behalf of the Debtors.

46. For cause shown, pursuant to Bankruptcy Rules 6004(h), 6006(d), 7062, and 9014, this Order shall not be stayed after the entry hereof, but shall be effective and enforceable immediately upon entry, and the stays provided in Bankruptcy Rules 6004(h) and 6004(d) are hereby expressly waived and shall not apply. Accordingly, the Debtors and Purchaser are authorized and empowered to close the Transaction (including the Sale) immediately upon entry of this Order.

47. The failure to include or specifically reference any particular provision of any Agreement in this Order shall not diminish or impair the effectiveness of such provision, it being the intent of the Court that the Agreements be authorized and approved in their entirety.

48. To the extent that this Order is inconsistent with the Motion, the terms of this Order shall control and govern. To the extent that there are any inconsistencies between the terms of this Order, on the one hand, and any Agreement, on the other hand, the terms of this Order shall control and govern. To the extent that this Order is inconsistent with any prior order or pleading with respect to the Motion in these Chapter 11 Cases, the terms of this Order shall govern. To the extent that any plan of reorganization or liquidation, or any order of any type or kind entered in these Chapter 11 Cases or any subsequent chapter 7 case into which these Chapter 11 Cases may be converted, conflicts with or derogates from the terms of any Agreement or this Order, the terms of the applicable Agreement and this Order shall control and govern to the extent of any such conflict or derogation.

49. The Agreements may be modified, amended, or supplemented in a writing signed by the parties thereto and in accordance with the terms thereof, without further notice to or order of the Court, so long as any such modification, amendment or supplement does not have a material adverse effect on the Debtors' estates and does not otherwise conflict with this Order.

50. The automatic stay pursuant to section 362 of the Bankruptcy Code is hereby lifted with respect to the Debtors to the extent necessary, without further order of the Court, to allow the Purchaser to deliver any notice provided for in the APA and allow the Purchaser to take any and all actions permitted under the APA.

51. Nothing contained in any chapter 11 plan confirmed in the Debtors' cases or any order confirming any such plan or any other order in the Debtors' cases (including any order

entered after any conversion of these cases into cases under chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code) shall alter, conflict with, or derogate from, the provisions of the Agreements or this Order and, to the extent of any such conflict, the terms of this Order and the Agreements shall control.

52. From time to time, as and when requested by the other, the Debtors and the Purchaser, as the case may be, shall execute and deliver, or cause to be executed and delivered, all such documents and instruments and shall take, or cause to be taken, all such further or other actions as such other party may reasonably deem necessary or desirable to consummate the Transaction (including the Sale), including, such actions as may be necessary to vest, perfect or confirm, or record or otherwise, in the Purchaser its right, title and interest in and to the Purchased Assets and the Assigned Contracts, subject to the provisions of the applicable Agreement.

53. Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary in the Motion, this Order, and any implementing Sale documents, nothing shall: (1) authorize the assumption, sale, assignment or other transfer to the Purchaser of any contracts, leases, agreements or other interests of the federal government (collectively, “Federal Interests”) without compliance with all applicable legal requirements and approvals under non-bankruptcy law; (2) require the government to novate, approve or otherwise consent to the assumption, sale, assignment or other transfer of any Federal Interests; (3) affect the government’s rights to recoup any amounts due under, or relating to, the Federal Interests; (4) constitute an approval or consent by the United States without compliance with all applicable legal requirements and approvals under non-bankruptcy law; or (5) confer exclusive jurisdiction to the Bankruptcy Court with respect to the Federal Interests, except to the extent set forth in 28 U.S.C. Section 1334 (as limited by any other provisions of the United States Code). Notwithstanding the foregoing sentence, nothing in this Order shall: (i) create for any

governmental unit any substantive right that does not already exist under law; or (ii) be deemed or construed to be, an admission of liability by the Debtors.

54. The Court shall retain exclusive jurisdiction to, among other things, interpret, implement, and enforce the terms and provisions of this Order, the Agreements, and any amendments thereto and any waivers and consents given thereunder, and to adjudicate, if necessary, any and all disputes concerning or in any way relating to the Transaction, including, but not limited to, retaining jurisdiction to (a) compel delivery of the Purchased Assets to the Purchaser, (b) interpret, implement, and enforce the provisions of this Order, including but not limited to the injunctions and limitations of liability set forth in this Order, (c) protect the Purchaser against any Interests in or against the Debtors or the Purchased Assets of any kind or nature whatsoever, attaching to the proceeds of the Sale, and (d) enter any orders under sections 105, 363, and 365 of the Bankruptcy Code with respect to the Purchased Assets and the Assigned Contracts.

55. Nothing in this Order or the Agreements releases, nullifies, precludes or enjoins the enforcement of any valid police or regulatory liability to a governmental unit, to which the Purchaser may be subject to as the post-sale owner or operator of any property that is a Transferred Asset after the date of entry of this Order. Nothing in this Order or the Agreements authorizes the transfer or assignment of any governmental (a) license, (b) permit, (c) registration, (d) authorization, or (e) approval, or the discontinuation of any obligations thereunder, without compliance with all applicable legal requirements and approvals under police or regulatory law. Nothing in this Order divests any tribunal of any jurisdiction it may have under police or regulatory law to interpret this Order or to adjudicate any defense asserted under this Order.

Dated: White Plains, New York
_____, 2020

HONORABLE ROBERT D. DRAIN
UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY JUDGE